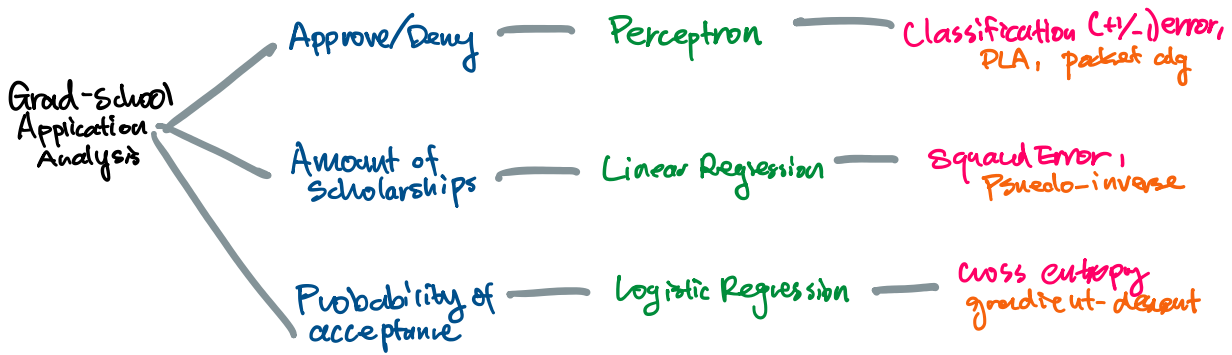


Linear Models

Tuesday, January 28, 2020

13:10



Hybrid: logistic reg + threshold $\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow$ classification

$$\text{Sign}(\mathbf{w}_1^T \mathbf{x}) = \text{sign}(\Theta(\mathbf{w}_2^T \mathbf{x}) - \frac{1}{2})$$

Differences ?

often done

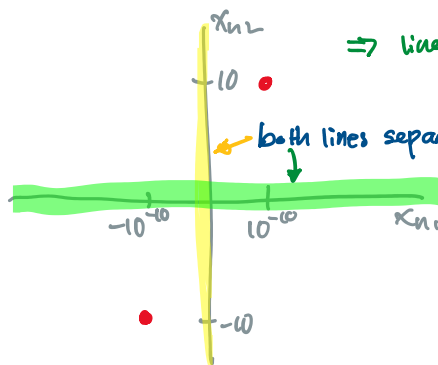
\Rightarrow the weights would be different: $(\underline{w}_1^* \neq \underline{w}_2^*)$

PLA vs. Grad Des.

+/- error vs. cross entropy error.

ex. $d=2$ $N=2$ $\mathbf{x}_1 = (1, 10^{-10}, 10)^T$, $y_1 = +1$
 $\mathbf{x}_2 = (1, -10^{-10}, -10)^T$, $y_2 = -1$
 $d=2$

Linear Classification:



\Rightarrow linearly separable

both lines separates the data: both has $\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_n \cdot y_n > 0$

$$\Rightarrow E_{in}(0) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^2 \mathbb{1}_{\{y_n \neq \text{sign}(\mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_n)\}} = 0$$

yellow line: $\underline{w}_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$

green line: $\underline{w}_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Logistic Regression:

$$E_{in}(\underline{w}) = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{n=1}^2 \log(1 + e^{-y_n \mathbf{w}^T \mathbf{x}_n})$$

yellow line: $\rightarrow = \log(1 + e^{-10^{-10}}) \approx$

green line: $= \log(1 + e^{10^{-10}}) \approx$

green line: $= \log(1 + e^{\dots}) \approx$
 using this, we see that second solution is better

Multiclass Logistic Regression

alternative to multiclass binary classifiers:

→ softmax or multinomial logistic regression

$$y \in \{1, 2, \dots, K\}$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} \underline{w}_1^T \\ \underline{w}_2^T \\ \vdots \\ \underline{w}_K^T \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \hat{p}_w(c | \underline{x}) = \frac{e^{\underline{w}_c^T \underline{x}}}{\sum_{i=1}^K e^{\underline{w}_i^T \underline{x}}} \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{e^{\underline{w}_c^T \underline{x}}}{\sum_{i=1}^K e^{\underline{w}_i^T \underline{x}}}} \right\} \text{softmax classifier.}$$

Loss resembles CE loss:

$$\begin{aligned} E_{in} &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N -\log(\hat{p}_w(y_n | \underline{x}_n)) \\ &= \frac{1}{N} \sum_{n=1}^N \left[\underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^K \mathbb{1}\{y_n=i\}}_{y_{ni} \text{ (one-hot)}} \cdot \frac{e^{\underline{w}_i^T \underline{x}_n}}{\sum_{k=1}^K e^{\underline{w}_k^T \underline{x}_n}} \right] \end{aligned}$$